

Lifetime ISA

You can use a Lifetime ISA (Individual Savings Account) to buy your first home or save for later life. You must be 18 or over but under 40 to open a Lifetime ISA.

You can put in up to £4,000 each year, until you're 50. You must make your first payment into your ISA before you're 40.

The government will add a 25% bonus to your savings, up to a maximum of £1,000 per year.

The Lifetime ISA limit of £4,000 counts towards <u>your annual ISA limit (/individual-savings-accounts/how-isas-work)</u>. This is £20,000 for the 2025 to 2026 tax year.

You can hold cash or stocks and shares in your Lifetime ISA or have a combination of both.

When you turn 50, you will not be able to pay into your Lifetime ISA or earn the 25% bonus. Your account will stay open and your savings will still earn interest or investment returns.

To open and continue to pay into a Lifetime ISA you must be a resident in the UK, unless you're a crown servant (for example, in the diplomatic service), their spouse or civil partner.

Withdrawing money from your Lifetime ISA

You can withdraw money from your ISA if you're:

- · buying your first home
- · aged 60 or over
- terminally ill, with less than 12 months to live

You'll pay a withdrawal charge of 25% if you withdraw cash or assets for any other reason (also known as making an unauthorised withdrawal). This recovers the government bonus you received on your original savings.

Example 1

Assuming no growth, initial savings of £800 will earn a 25% government bonus of £200 and give you a pot of £1,000. If you wish to withdraw the entire pot, a 25% charge will apply to the full £1,000. You'll have to pay a government withdrawal charge of £250. This will leave you with £750.

If you only wish to access some of your money, you'll have to take the withdrawal charge into account when requesting funds. You'll

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have to withdraw more than the amount you need, to cover your needs and the 25% withdrawal charge.

Example 2

If you need enough cash to cover a £120 bill, you'll have to withdraw more than you actually require. Withdrawing £160 means you pay a 25% withdrawal charge of £40 and receive £120 in cash to meet the bill.

Buying your first home

You can use your savings to help you buy your first home if all the following apply:

- the property costs £450,000 or less
- you buy the property at least 12 months after you make your first payment into the Lifetime ISA
- you use a conveyancer or solicitor to act for you in the purchase the ISA provider will pay the funds directly to them
- you're buying with a mortgage

You cannot use your savings to buy a home if you're getting a private mortgage from:

- your relative (a parent, grandparent, child, grandchild or sibling)
- someone who is married or in a civil partnership with your relative
- your spouse or civil partner
- a relative of your spouse or civil partner
- someone who is married or in a civil partnership with a relative of your spouse or civil partner

Buying with someone else

If the person you're buying with has a Lifetime ISA, you can both use your savings and government bonus.

To qualify you must both:

- be first-time buyers
- meet all the conditions under 'Buying your first home'

If you have a Help to Buy ISA

If you have a <u>Help to Buy ISA (/affordable-home-ownership-schemes/help-to-buy-isa)</u> as well as a Lifetime ISA, you can only use the government bonus from one of them to buy your first home.

You can transfer money from a Help to Buy ISA to a Lifetime ISA. If you transfer money from a Lifetime ISA to a Help to Buy ISA you'll have to pay the 25% withdrawal charge.

Saving for later life

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You can take your savings out of a Lifetime ISA when you're 60 or over.

You'll pay a 25% charge if you withdraw money or transfer the Lifetime ISA to another type of ISA (/individual-savingsaccounts/transferring-your-isa) before 60.

If you die (/individual-savings-accounts/if-you-move-abroad-or-die) your Lifetime ISA ends on the date of your death. There's no charge to withdraw the funds or assets from your account.

A Lifetime ISA is one of a number of ways to save for later life (/planretirement-income/get-financial-advice).





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